

BURKINA FASO



FOOD AID OPERATIONS (EID AL ADHA – SACRIFICE FEAST)

FINAL REPORT

2026

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The present project consisted in sacrificing 24 cows, in particular oxen, and redistributing the meat to the population, each beneficiary received 4-5 kg, the vast majority of whose beneficiaries are internally displaced persons from the attacks of armed terrorists in the Sahel, North and Center North regions of Burkina Faso.

The animals will be purchased and transported to Ouagadougou where the slaughter will take place. They will be immolated, the skin removed then cut into small pieces, put in plastic bags and shared in the food needy mass.

All stages of the execution will be documented in images and videos and transmitted to the partner, the International Humanitarian Aid Foundation (YYD).

This food aid project has been carried out in Kadiogo/Ouagadougou (Center region), at the quarter of Pabre.

INTRODUCTION

Although Burkina Faso is an agricultural country, the country regularly faces food difficulties. Rainfall is very often highlighted as the primary cause of food insufficiency, but this must be associated with poor tools for producers and above all a good agricultural policy in favor of poor farmers who often lack the minimum to cope with the nature.

According to the Ministry of Agriculture and Animal and Fishery Resources and Technical and Financial Partners (PTF); cereal production is down 10% over the agricultural seasons of recent years, which has a negative impact on the lives of nearly 3.8 million Burkinabé (17.68% of the population) in varying phases between 2, 3 and 4. However, out of the 274,200 m² of its national territory, Burkina Faso has more than 12 million hectares of agricultural land, and only 41.67% is exploited, that is to say: nearly 5M Ha.

The involvement of 80% of the population has clearly not allowed the country to achieve food sufficiency, for a population which is at a 10% increase in the number of children aged 6 to 59 months (source: note of page No. 1). This food stress hits the regions most affected by insecurity the hardest; namely: The East, the north, the north-central and the Sahel which bring together nearly 80.1% of internally displaced persons (IDPs). In these regions; 75% of households will not be able to cover food needs through their own production, compared to 52% nationally.

OUTCOME OF THE OPERATIONS

This project directly affected 480 of families, but by extension the project can reach 2880 people indirectly both men and women, with an average of 6 people per Burkinabe family. This project has been implemented in the center region of the country which also shelters an important number of Internally Displaced people fleeing from the terrorism in some regions of the country. Most of the time women are mainly represented during the distribution phase. We cannot surely know how many women or men have received the food aid but approximately we can estimate because the beneficiaries names are written instantly according to the available needy people. According to our distribution policy a cow is to be distributed to 20 families. The beneficiaries can be refugees people or poor families

DATA SUMMARY

Total Number of Persons	Women	Men	Girls	Boys	Number of Families	Donor
2880	1976	904	-	-	480	YYD

IMPLEMENTATION

We do not have internal audit, but the ministry of finance is being doing annually over all activities OSEH organization has been carrying out. It should be noted that since January 2022, the OSEH organization has opened a registration list of refugees who have arrived in Ouagadougou. And in no time, the list grew to a thousand people; to date, nearly 5,000 people are still waiting for a gesture of help from the OSEH organization and its partners.

So, this project is also a relief and an opportunity to help people who have placed their trust in OSEH and its partners. We had also identify the refugees camps in and around Ouagadougou. So it up to our organization to decide who of the poor families nor the refugees ones are in emergency to be assisted. But most of the time the distribution take place in the refugees camps. Before any activity we have a discuss with the local representative in order to set an agreement about how many people will benefit and to define the category of the beneficiaries which can be women or men sometimes children. The distribution place is identified before the beginning of the activity.

RECOMMENDATIONS

There is no numerous recommendations to do except the fact that we find difficulties to send the videos by your telegram system. We suggest you to add the **"We Transfer"** system to facilitate the videos and photos sending.

SUCCESS STORY *(if applicable)*

LESSONS LEARNED

Now there is no obstacles except the fact we recommend in addition to telegram sending system we need you to add **"We Transfer"** system.

CONCLUSION

The population was very receptive to this project because it helps them increasing the quality of their families' food and bring joy to their families. All such projects we used to realize is very good welcomed. We can read the joyful feelings on people faces. All labor force is local and undoubtedly contribute to boost the local economy. The food need is very huge and many poor families are still waited for social assistance.

FOOD AID OPERATIONS (EID AL ADHA – SACRIFICE FEAST) HIGHLIGHTS



